



ALEXANDRIA.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 21.

CHRISTMAS is now less than five weeks off. During the corresponding interval in former years thousands of dollars of the people of Alexandria have been spent in the retail stores of other cities. It should not be the same way this year. The best possible means by which the welfare of a city can be promoted is for its people to deal at home. Money is what makes cities as well as mares, and every cent spent here adds that much to the city's capital, and it is the cents that make the dollars, and the dollars that make the thousands, and the thousands that build houses and start enterprises and draw people, some of whom bring other things with them. Money spent here stays here, and in the ordinary course of trade most of it finds its way back to the pockets of those from whom it came. But while the buyers should keep all these things in mind, the sellers should see to it that they also do their part. They should not only have what people want to buy, and sell their goods at as low prices as prevail in neighboring cities, but they should keep the buyers well informed of these facts through the medium of the GAZETTE, which the latter read every evening, and in which attractive advertisements of cheap and desirable goods will be sure to attract purchasers. The experience of all the most successful merchants of the entire world is to the effect that nothing is more profitable to them than advertising, and that no other mode of advertising is so sure of profitable returns as that in the columns of a newspaper whose readers have wants and the means to supply them.

IF THE existing tariff be only for the benefit of labor, as the protectionists and their either ill-informed or interested agents assert, why is it that the tariff league, composed entirely of the owners of protected manufactures, has raised a fund of \$100,000, with which to lobby Congress during the coming session against any change in the tariff? Self-interest governs protected manufacturers as well as their employees, and the course of such manufacturers in the past does not show that they would subscribe such a large sum of their own money for the sole benefit of other people. There is no fund, large or small, with which to lobby Congress for a reduction of the tariff, because those who would be benefited by such a reduction are the poor people, the laborers, who have no money to subscribe to such a fund, all theirs being consumed in the purchase of the necessities of life, on which the heaviest tariff duties are imposed.

THERE ARE more rich men in this country than in any other, and with comparatively few exceptions, all of them commenced life not only as poor men, but as laborers. And yet there are other men who complain that in this country they "don't have a fair show." Equal opportunity is offered here to every body. It is their own delinquencies, and not the institutions of the country, that are to blame for the failure of those who grow about not having a "fair show."

THE SUPREME COURT of New York has refused to admit a Chinese lawyer, possessing all the mental and moral qualifications required of other people, to practice in the courts of that State, solely on account of his race. Negroes not half so well qualified are admitted, but the Chinese are excluded. This is in accordance with law in New York, but that it is gross injustice here, and would be any where else in this country, goes without saying.

THE ANNUAL reports of the chiefs of the bureaus in the government departments at Washington, now being published, show, what to unsophisticated people seems remarkable, that though the Indians are slowly decreasing in numbers, the expenses on account of the Indians are rapidly increasing in amount. But this is a progressive age, and the expenses of the Indian bureau must keep up with the procession.

THE RECENT voluminous accounts of the asserted failure of the Panama canal project are followed, as was anticipated, by a boom for the Nicaraguan canal, and the announcement of the departure of a party to survey a route for the latter scheme.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21, 1887.

U. S. Marshal Scott, of the eastern district of Virginia, is here to-day to serve notice on B. E. Hibbs, formerly a distiller of Panfuer county, Virginia, but now living in this city, to appear before Judge Hughes's Court to answer certain charges. The Marshal has just returned from Panfuer county where he served notices upon Morgan W. Nalls and C. M. Downs, of that county, who are sureties on Hibbs's bond.

The official term of Mr. Conger, the offensive partisan republican postmaster of this city, will expire on the 23d of December. Should he be then removed, a nice plum will be given to somebody.

Though Congress will meet two weeks from to-day, only forty members of the lower house are in the city.

The bones an skin of "old sorrel," the famous war horse of General Stonewall Jackson, having been mounted by a taxidermist of this city, have been boxed up and forwarded to Lee Camp Confederate Veterans at Richmond.

The civil service commissioners have made several changes in their rules, but they still retain the obnoxious and sectional one by which all ex-Confederates are excluded from the classified civil service.

As a decision was not expected in the Virginia habeas corpus cases to-day, but few

Virginians were in the room of the U. S. Supreme Court.

Judge Lowry, a democrat, is contesting the election of a republican congressman from Indiana, upon the ground that the contestee though an old resident of that district is not a naturalized citizen of the country. Should he gain the seat, Indiana will be like New Hampshire, a tied State in the House, and the House itself be tied, as the republicans would then have but nineteen States, and the House be unable to elect a President should the election be thrown into that body.

The British Fishery Commissioners called at the Department of State at noon to-day where they were met by Messrs. Putnam and Ansell, the American negotiators. They were shown into the diplomatic reception room where they were joined by Secretary Bayard. It is understood that the conference which is now in progress is preliminary in its nature and will be devoted to the arrangement of the details of the regular meeting.

Mr. Carlisle, as all know, is a pronounced tariff reformer, but he is so well affected toward Mr. Randall, the unwavering protectionist, that he has named one of the \$700 span of fine trotters he has just purchased, after him. But that he still clings to his old horse is shown by the fact that he has named the other after the avowed low tariff advocate, Mr. Morrison.

Surgeon General Hamilton has received a telegram from Dr. Porter, of Tampa, Fla., saying that there were two cases and one death from yellow fever yesterday and that there were ten cases in the hospital.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran and other prominent people of this city have revived the movement for the purchase of a home for Mrs. General Hancock. One would have been bought some time ago if the owner thereof had not doubted the price when he found he had a public purchaser.

Secretary Whitney has returned to this city, but has not yet resumed the duties of his office. It is reported that he does not admire the President as much as he once did, and that if New York had gone republican at the late election he would not have returned at all.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There has been no notable change in the Crown Prince's condition.

A suit of citizen's clothes was smuggled to Mr. O'Brien in Tallamore jail.

Two victims of leprosy—a widow and her young daughter—have been discovered in Philadelphia.

It is reported that Prince Bismarck succeeded in persuading the Czar to cultivate more friendly relations with Germany.

Nina Van Zandt is believed to be dying. Food has not passed her lips since her proxy husband, August Spies, perished on the gallows.

No trouble occurred in Trafalgar Square, London, yesterday. Thousands of constables were in attendance, who seemed to awe the socialists.

There were one hundred and fifty-six deaths in Baltimore last week, an increase of thirteen over the corresponding week of last year.

There have been no new cases of fever and no deaths in Tampa, Fla. The doctors and nurses are going home, and the epidemic is about ended.

Hall, under sentence of death in Philadelphia for the murder of Lillian Rivers, is endeavoring to cheat the gallows by abstaining from food.

The boiler in W. Z. Wilson & Co's. saw mill, at Prescott, Ariz., exploded Saturday, killing the proprietor, five workmen, and injuring a number of others.

Miller's livery stable, in Chicago, was burned Saturday night, with twenty-five horses, and Mr. Miller was seriously injured by leaping from a second-story window.

Ab Chow, a Chinaman, was hanged at Lytton, B. C., Friday. He cried during the preparations for the hanging, but when the time came he rolled a cigarette and died game.

A corps of civil engineers will sail from New York for Greytown, Nicaragua, on Saturday, to complete the surveys and make the final axial location of the interoceanic canal route.

The Yale-Princeton football match was played Saturday in a cold rain and on a muddy field partly covered with water. Princeton was beaten all rounds, the score being Yale 12, Princeton 0.

An international six days go as you please race was started in Philadelphia shortly after midnight last night. Among the well known competitors are Littlewood, the English champion; Hart, the colored champion; Strokel the Austrian; Vint and Noram.

The men employed in the colliery of Mitchell & Shepp, Tanqua, Pa., who have been on strike, resumed work Saturday. Friday evening a party of miners were returning from work they were fired upon from ambush with shotguns, and one of them was severely wounded.

The colored stableman Beverly Jones, convicted in Washington some days ago, of manslaughter in killing Robert B. Morris by driving an umbrella point through his eye into the brain, was on Saturday sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to be imprisoned six years in the Albany penitentiary.

In Auburn, N. Y., on Saturday night, the jury in the trial of "Blind" Patterson, charged with defrauding the government out of a \$13,000 pension, came into court and reported a disagreement. They were sent back, and at 2:15 o'clock yesterday morning, upon announcing that they could not agree, were discharged.

In the French chamber of deputies on Saturday the members of the extreme left brought up their motion to interpolate the government on its domestic policy. This was opposed by Premier Rouvier, who proposed to adjourn the debate until the 24th inst. The cabinet's proposal was, however, rejected by a vote of 325 to 242, whereupon M. Rouvier announced the resignation of the cabinet.

The contract between the city of Chicago and Andrew Onderdonk, of New York, the lowest bidder for the construction of the new submarine water works tunnel under the lake has been formally executed. The new tunnel is to be eight feet in diameter, and will extend from the South Side lake front, a distance of four miles into the lake, where pure water is deemed a certainty.

The second auditor of the Treasury has submitted to the Secretary his report, which contains a statement of the accounts audited in his office. The report states that the increase in the number of claims for arrears of pay and bounty presented during the last seven years is sufficiently remarkable to call for special notice, and serves to explain the fact that twenty-two years after the close of the war of 1861-65 there are upward of 42,000 claims awaiting adjudication.

Mr. Barnum's Reply.—Hon. John S. Barbour has written a letter in reply to the congratulations recently tendered him by nearly two hundred Virginians residing in Baltimore over the recent democratic victory in Virginia. Mr. Barbour's letter makes but incidental reference to the part he bore in the campaign, and expresses a grateful appreciation of the sentiment contained in the letter from his Baltimore friends.

In the U. S. Court at Norfolk on Saturday, the negro Arthur Peterson, who was convicted of attempting to assault a young lady on the Bay Line steamer, was sentenced to the State's prison for three years.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Five hundred young German carp were put in the stream near Buckland, Prince William county, last week.

It is stated that a half million dollars are to be spent in improvements on the Lambert's Point coal piers, in Norfolk, in the spring.

The proceedings against Joseph Segar, jr., at one time a United States revenue officer in Norfolk, charged with embezzlement of public funds, were dismissed in the United States Court in that city on Saturday.

It is said that John M. Langston, ex-minister to Hayti, now president of the Virginia Collegiate Institute for the education of colored teachers, is to be removed by the next general assembly and a white man put in his place.

The monument to mark the spot near Yellow Tavern, six miles from Richmond, where General J. E. B. Stuart fell, mortally wounded, was on Saturday taken to the ground. When placed in position there will be suitable ceremonies.

The iron-hull screw steamer Manteo, being built for the Old Dominion Steamship Company, was launched at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday. The vessel will be 130 feet long, 25 feet beam, 10 feet 8 inches deep. She will ply between Norfolk and Newbern, N. C.

Lieut. Thurston, of the United States recruiting office, has sent off some twenty recruits from Richmond, about one fourth colored. He has now a detachment of thirteen, six of whom are colored. These will leave for Washington and Fortress Monroe this week.

Mr. W. Campbell, of Essex county, made a shipment of Japanese persimmons Thursday. Mr. C. has the only Japanese persimmon tree in the county large enough to bear, and as far as is known, known in the State. The fruit is much larger than an orange, of a deep red color and very delicious.

There is a rumor that the Pennsylvania road will soon absorb the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk and make it a part of its system. The latter joins the Delaware road at Delmar, and runs ninety five miles through the western shore of Virginia to Charles city. The road is a single track, and is the northern outlet for a great deal of Norfolk truck.

Mrs. Mary Sanson, residing in Norfolk, while attempting to start a fire Saturday night by pouring kerosene on it, set herself, a four-year-old child and the house on fire. Mrs. Sanson reached the street, where her burning clothing dropped off her. The child was saved by a passing citizen rushing in and throwing his overcoat over it. The flames in the house were promptly extinguished. Mrs. Sanson cannot recover.

At a game of cards in a barroom in Portsmouth at midnight Saturday a dispute arose over a difference of five cents. A general row ensued, pistols and knives were drawn, and "Dick" Jarvis shot "Gus" Robinson through the head, killing him almost instantly. Jarvis was arrested. Richard Bland cut a man near the heart, inflicting a probably fatal wound. A little later two others became involved in a quarrel and slashed each other badly. All were colored.

A singular experience is related of a north bound freight train on the Shenandoah Valley Railroad, on Thursday evening, at the heavy grade near Berryville. While descending the grade gas burst open the fire box of the boiler, and, filling the cab with flames, drove the engineer and fireman out. Before they left they managed to close the throttle valve, and the train shortly afterwards came to a standstill. The flames spread rapidly, and before they were extinguished by the trainmen the cab was completely ruined, and the gauges upon the boiler had been melted off. Another engine was sent for to replace the damaged one. This is the first experience of this kind to the knowledge of the local railroad men.

Virginia Conference M. E. Church South.

At the fourth day's session at Danville on Saturday, Rev. Milton Lee Williams, who has been a preacher in the Christian or Campbellite Church presented an application for admission into the traveling connection, he having changed faith and adopted that of Methodism, and was duly accepted. William Dickson Mower, a preacher formerly of the Church of "United Brethren," presented a similar application and was received. The following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted amid hearty and loud acclamations:

"Whereas the Methodist Episcopal Church South has always borne strong testimony against the theatre; and whereas the patronizing of theatrical exhibitions by professing Christians has, by recent occurrences, been given unusual prominence; therefore, "Resolved, That we are profoundly convinced of the evil character and influence of the theatre and of its power as a promoter of irreligion, immorality and vice."

The "recent occurrences" referred to are understood to mean the Emma Abbott Candier episode in Nashville.

The committee on the Virginia Bible Society submitted a report showing that collections for that cause for the current year had exceeded former collections. The chairman of the education board, Prof. F. H. Smith, of the University of Virginia, submitted two resolutions, which were adopted. The first provides for the appointment of a committee to report at the next conference upon the feasibility of establishing one or more academies for primary education. The second provides for the appointment of a standing "conference board of ministerial education," who shall have charge of the appropriation of funds to assist in educating young men for the ministry.

The report in the interest of church extension indorses the woman's paragon societies.

The joint board of finance report shows the largest collections for any year in the history of the conference. Conference will adjourn Wednesday.

It is again reported that the Panama canal scheme is about to collapse.

"There's a time for everything under the sun," said the wise man, and of course he was right, so also if you've got a quarter loose about your vest pocket, you can buy a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup almost any time of the day or night.

Ely Bros.: I have used two bottles of your Cream Balm for catarrh since December 1. I am entirely healed. I have used no other medicine. This spring I feel better, can walk and work with more ease than I have in any spring since 1861.

MARY E. WARE, Hopewell, Va. "Ely's Cream Balm" received; my head is now liquifying; Cream Balm is simply dynamite for catarrh in the head. Its application is magical."

NOTICE.—Having this day qualified as administrator upon the estate of JAMES E. WADDEY, deceased, all parties indebted to said estate are hereby notified to come forward and settle their indebtedness, and those holding claims against said estate will please present the same, properly certified, for payment.

nov21-3c Adm'r J. E. Wadley, de'd
COLUMBIA RIVER PICKLED SALMON just received by [nov21] J. C. MILBURN.

POSTSCRIPT.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Late Marine Disaster.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Two bodies of victims of the sinking of the steamer W. A. Scholton, by colliding with the steamer Rosa Mary have floated ashore at Deal. There is now no doubt that Captain Teat went down with his vessel. Mr. Robson, one of the passengers saved, stated to a reporter that the W. A. Scholton had just weighed anchor when the collision occurred. There were 800 life belts on board and most of the passengers were supplied with them, but they proved useless in a majority of cases as the people were engulphed with the ship. The steamer's decks burst when she was foundering. The sunken vessel lies in twenty fathoms of water. The survivors will sail for New York on Wednesday.

DOVER, Nov. 21.—Eighty persons in all have been saved from the wrecked steamer W. A. Scholton. One of the survivors is named Roine. There is another survivor in the hospital whose name is not known. Chief Engineer Edixhoven was landed at Safoord yesterday morning. No more bodies have been recovered here. It is the universal feeling that the fault of the collision rests with the steamer Rosa Mary. Chief Mate Wells, of that vessel, states that she left Hartlepool on Friday in command of Capt. Webster and with a crew of sixteen men. On the night of the collision there was a shifting fog; sometimes it was dense, while at intervals it was clear. "At about 8:30 o'clock," he says, "the collision occurred. We had been at anchor since 8 o'clock. Myself and the captain were on the bridge. The sea was of the calmest. Our lights were burning brightly and the fog-bell was sounding constantly. I first saw the colliding steamer off our starboard bow. She was showing white and green lights, indicating that she was shaping her course to the starboard side. We could not shift our position, being anchored and the tide being ebb. The steamer soon pored her helm and attempted to cross our bows. The tide, however, not being rightly judged, settled the vessel on our bows, cutting her to the water's edge. I cannot say whether it was the W. A. Scholton that collided with us. Whatever vessel it was she proceeded on her course and soon disappeared in the darkness. We remained at anchor during the night, and were piloted to Dover at 7 o'clock in the morning. There we docked."

Lawlessness in Louisiana. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.—A special from Thibodeaux says: "A mass meeting of citizens of La Fourche parish was held here yesterday. About three hundred of the most prominent residents were present and Lieutenant Governor Knoblock presided. He stated that the object of the meeting was for the citizens to take counsel together concerning the state of lawlessness in this section. Would-be assassins, he said, were prowling about at night shooting into sugar houses. On one occasion a horseman on the public highway had been shot at and several persons had already been wounded. Such lawless acts must be put down at all hazards. The meeting adopted a series of resolutions and offered a reward for the detection of the perpetrators of the lawless acts."

Election of Directors. BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—At a stockholders' meeting of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to-day the following directors were elected: James Sloan, jr., Charles F. Mayer, James I. McLane, Wm. Keyser, Wm. F. Burns, Robt. Garrett, T. Harrison Garrett, James Carey Coale, George W. Do bin, John Gregg, George A. Von Linde, and Decatur H. Miller. The first four named succeeded Aubrey Pearce, John K. Cowen, W. W. Taylor, and Joshua P. Harvey, and represent the New York and London syndicate. The stockholders ratified the action of the directors in subscribing to the stock and bonds of the Grafton and Greenbrier road.

Frozen to Death. WAUKEGAN, Ill., Nov. 21.—The remains of W. D. Welch a traveling salesman for a Chicago seed house, were brought here yesterday. Welch had gone out duck hunting Saturday. The snow storm came up, and not returning, a searching party was formed Sunday morning. His body was found in the boat frozen stiff about 200 yards from the shore.

A Bid from Prince Napoleon. PARIS, Nov. 21.—Prince Napoleon has sent a letter to Baron Dufour, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, saying that the resignation of President Grevy is necessary and indirectly proposing himself as his successor.

Fatal Accident. NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Jacob Schwab, a well known importer of lace, was this morning instantly killed by falling down the elevator shaft at his warehouse, at 555 Broadway.

Destructive Fire. CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 21.—Fire at Mound City has burned two hotels and a lively stable. It threatens to destroy the town.

NEW RAISINS AND CURRENTS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FRESH MIXED DINER NUTS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

CHOICE MALAGA GRAPES for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

PINEAPPLE, EDAM and SAPSAGO CHEESE just arrived. GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

TEAS.—Having bought largely of Teas, carefully selected, I am selling the same very low. J. C. MILBURN.

RHEUMATISM CURED BY DR. MITCHELL'S Celebrated Rheumatism Plaster, for sale by W. F. CREIGHTON & CO.

STRICTLY PURE CIDER VINEGAR, extra strength, for pickling, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR received to-day and for sale low by J. C. MILBURN.

ONION and MARKET BASKETS, a full line just received by J. C. MILBURN.

IF YOU CANNOT SEE and cannot find any SPECTACLES to suit your eyes, go to HENRY WILDS and have your eyes tested, and you will have no more trouble.

Barnum's Menagerie Burned.

At 10 o'clock Saturday night fire broke out in the buildings, at Bridgeport, Conn., occupied by P. T. Barnum as winter quarters for his menagerie. It soon became apparent that the building could not be saved and every effort was made to rescue the animals. Some of them were got safely out, but a large number, including three elephants, Samson, Jim, and Buet, perished in the flames. Hundreds of animals, including elephants, lions, tigers, leopards, camels, and horses were liberated, or else broke loose, and for hours a tremendous uproar ensued. Several persons were picked up from the streets by the infuriated elephants and tossed all around.

A detail of police pursued a roaring lion and put six or seven bullets into his hide, but with no perceptible result. At midnight the fire was under control.

Thirty six elephants broke from their fastenings and dashed through the sides of the burning building. Their roars and trumpeting and sounds of torment were terrific. Six elephants and a large African hippopotamus rushed about the streets presenting a sickening appearance. Their sides were burned, and great pieces of flesh a foot square fell off. Thirty elephants and one large lion made their escape and have started off across the country. In the horse room were all the ring animals. These were all burned. The tents, poles, seats, harness, &c., for the entire show, were all destroyed. The birds, monkeys, three rhinoceroses, hyenas, tigers, lions, and many other animals, which fell a prey to the flames. The total loss is estimated at \$700,000, upon which there was about \$100,000 insurance. One of the three elephants burned was the famous "sacred white elephant." The lion which the police attempted to kill at the time the fire broke out was afterwards found in a barn devouring a cow which he had killed. He was shot.

Senator Barbour.

The democratic sentiment in Virginia seems to have concentrated on the Hon. John S. Barbour as the successor of Mr. Riddleberger in the United States Senate. The press of the State is almost unanimous in favor of Mr. Barbour, and the indications now are that no other name will be presented to the democratic legislative caucus when it meets in Richmond in December. The prospective Senator is a gentleman of large business experience, clear-headed and conservative, and while not a brilliant speaker, is an untiring worker, and will make an efficient Senator.—Balt. Sun.

Hon. John S. Barbour is again the deliverer of his people, and their representatives in the Legislature should elect him to the United States Senate without opposition from any member of the democratic party, as evidence of the appreciation of the distinguished services he has so long rendered the democracy of this State, and Union, and his eminent fitness for the exalted position.—Warren Sentinel.

There is no sadder feeling animating the human breast than gratitude, and how shall we show ours towards Mr. Barbour, the grand old man? We answer by making him the next United States Senator from Virginia. Let it come spontaneously, eagerly, unanimously, without a single reluctant voice.—Richmond Register.

It is not necessary for John S. Barbour to demand the Senatorship, for as popular as Fitz Lee is there is not a politician of standing in the State who would think of placing even his honored name in competition with that of the modest conqueror of business in the great pitched battles. The senatorship will be awarded Mr. Barbour as a simple token of the great appreciation in which his party holds him.—Amherst New Era.

There have been several names mentioned in connection with the United States senatorship, but we think if anything was clearly understood by the democratic party of this State during the recent canvass it was that the contest for that position was between John S. Barbour and "Mahone Virginia," and that the very splendid and successful manner Mr. B.'s management of the canvass has shown "Mahone-Virginia" under the field clear, and should be undisputed, for Mr. Barbour.—Leedsburg Washingtonian.

It looks like a very superior sort of thing to advocate the election of John S. Barbour to the Senate by a Virginia Legislature and it is. But the Vindicator has so long advocated this recognition of his merit, that now the realization has come, it rather does it from force of habit.—Staunton Vindicator.

Barbour is John S. Barbour is to be our next U. S. Senator. The democratic party will not pledge in advance to Mr. B. or any other man, but it knows how to confer honors and rewards on its worthy and deserving leaders.—Charlottesville Chronicle.

Let the man who has won the laurels wear the crown, and we would place that crown on no one else's head. Gentlemen, leaders, do the people their choice as next U. S. Senator from Virginia. Crows! rooster, crows! Crows for Barbour!—Warren Messenger.

It looks now as if Hon. John S. Barbour will have no opposition for the United States Senate.—Chester Examiner.

CHEEP DIP, Sage, Ground Sage, Diamond Dyes, Fitch's Pocket Scales, Hood's Sarsaparilla, Warner's Kidney and Liver Cure, Brown's Iron Bitters, Volina Cordial, Pratt's Astral Oil, and Sweet Majorana—a large supply just received. E. S. LEADBEATER & BROS.

PARIS GREEN! — PARIS GREEN! Another large supply just received. Put up in 1-lb and 5-lb cans. For sale by J. F. CREIGHTON & CO.

ENCING WIRE.—We have now a full stock of Fence Wire, both with and without barbs, twisted and ribbon, and we are selling it low. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

PAINT YOUR OWN BUGGY.—Just received the following new line of Coaches: Olive Green, Ponceau, Eclair, and Jet Coach Black. Call for sample. For sale by W. F. CREIGHTON & CO.

WROUGHT SPIKES FOR BRIDGE and POAT BUILDERS at 88 King, corner of Royal street. An assortment of sizes for sale cheap to close out. J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

WE OFFER special inducements in GUNS, WE PISTOLS, SHELLS, &c., in GUNS that line. Call and see at J. T. CREIGHTON & SON, 88 King, corner of Royal street.

ONE POUND BLOCKS COD FISH, Factory stock. GEORGE MCBURNEY & SON.

PINNERS' FOLDER, Sheet Zinc, Bar Lead and stock always on hand. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, Alexandria, Va.

CHOICE MALAGA GRAPES, Cape Cod Cranberries, 2 1/2 and 3 1/2 boxes London Layer Raisins, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

ENAMELED PRESERVING KETTLES, Cherry Seeders and Fruit Presses, wholesale and retail at 88 King, corner Royal street, by J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

GUNS, PISTOLS, SHELLS, PRIMERS, &c., of all kinds at 328 King street, wholesale and retail. J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI, LENTILS, SPLIT PEAS and BARLEY. GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

SAL and JUTE FODDER YARN just received and retail by J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

SMOKERS WILL READ THIS AND CALL—Occidental, Highland and Ashleigh Smoking Tobacco just received at MCBURNEY'S STORE.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES of superior quality and others suited to the wholesale trade at 88 King street, J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

IF YOU CANNOT SEE and cannot find any SPECTACLES to suit your eyes, go to HENRY WILDS and have your eyes tested, and you will have no more trouble.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The stock market was fairly steady at the opening this morning, the list being either unchanged or but slight fractions different from Saturday's final figures. The market was firm to strong on an active business until late in the hour, when prices reacted a small fraction, but the list again recovered its tone toward 11 o'clock, developing decided weakness, when most of the gains were lost, the market becoming active and weak. Money easy at 4 1/2.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—Virginia Gs consolidated with coupon 50; past-due coupons 62 1/2; 10-40, 36; new 3s 63 bid to-day.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE NOV. 21.

Flour, fine	\$2.25	@	2.50
Superfine	2.75	@	3.00
Extra	3.50	@	3.90
Family	4.10	@	4.70
Fancy brands	4.70	@	5.00
Wheat, Longberry	0.75	@	0.83
Extra	0.75	@	0.83
Mixed	0.76	@	0.82
Fair Wheat	0.72	@	0.77
Damp and tough	0.65	@	0.72